

PROBLEM BEING SOLVED

Code Review Processes and their corresponding research in history

Tool Based Reviews Formal Code Inspections Asynchronous Reviews **Pull-based reviews Convergent Practice** id Convergent Practices in Code Review ('13) CP_1 Contemporary peer review follows a lightweight, flexible process CP_2 Reviews happen early (before a change is commit-No focused or longitudinal perspective ted), quickly, and frequently CP_3 Change sizes are small CP₄ Two reviewers find an optimal number of defects CP_5 Review has changed from a defect finding activity to a group problem solving activity

SOLUTION



RESULTS

Mainly group problem solving activity	Ensure code readability, maintainability + educational value
Lightweight and flexible	Also lightweight and flexible
Review speed, size and time invested	Reviews happen much quicker and have smaller changes, dev spend less time reviewing per week
Two reviewers are optimal	1 reviewer is deemed as sufficient in most cases
Breakdown reasons + satisfaction	Distance, Tone and Power, Mismatched expectations, Context

POSITIVE POINTS

Performs detailed interviews (12) to have qualitative insights + 9M logs for quantitative insights

A thorough picture of how code review happens in Google: CRITIQUE, Static Analysis

Insights about Breakdowns

Interview strategy

NEGATIVE POINTS

No quantitative insights about how well the code review strategy works

The study was lacking in longitudinal analysis

Self Selection Bias mitigation

FUTURE WORK

An automated tool to address the communication related issues in the code review process at Google

Use quantitative data to correlate review practices (e.g., review comment types, size of changes) with longterm code quality metrics (e.g., bug rates, maintainability) in Google



DISCUSSION POINTS

What are the pros and cons for using Snowball sampling for interviews? Could we make do with random sampling?

Can having questions on recent code changes (in the survey) lead to a recency bias?

Could different insights be gained from specialized code reviews (security/performance teams)?

Is breaking down reviews to smaller more isolated changes always helpful?